



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

August 28, 1914

14. No person, by himself or by his agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, firm, or corporation, shall in the city of Augusta sell, exchange, or deliver any ice cream which contains more than 500,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter.

15. No old or melted ice cream, or ice cream returned to a manufacturer from whatever cause, shall again be used in the manufacture of ice cream.

SEC. 4. The sale of ice cream outside of regular licensed establishments shall be prohibited, and the selling or offering for sale of ice cream by street venders shall be prohibited excepting in sealed packages, such as bricks.

SEC. 5. Every person engaged in the manufacture, storage, transportation, sale, or distribution of ice cream, immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of infectious disease, either in himself or in his family, or amongst his employees, or within the building or premises where ice cream is manufactured, stored, sold, or distributed, shall notify the board of health, and at the same time shall suspend the sale and distribution of ice cream until authorized to resume the same by the said board of health. No vessel which has been handled by persons suffering from such disease shall be used to hold or convey ice cream until it has been thoroughly sterilized.

SEC. 6. All persons, firms, or corporations who are engaged in the manufacture or sale of ice cream shall upon request give to the chief food inspector, or his assistants, such samples of ice cream or other materials as they may wish for the purpose of analysis.

**Meat—Inspection—Regulations United States Department of Agriculture to Govern.
(Reg. Bd. of H., June 30, 1914.)**

The rules and regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture governing meat inspections shall apply to the city of Augusta, Ga., in all cases and instances not covered by the specific regulations of the board of health of Augusta, Ga.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Communicable Diseases—Notification of Cases. (Ord. 429, Apr. 14, 1914.)

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the mayor and city council of Baltimore that section 11 of article 14 of the Baltimore City Code of 1906, title "Health," subtitle "Contagious and infectious diseases," be, and it is hereby, repealed and reordained, with amendments, so as to read as follows:

11. Every physician shall report to the commissioner of health in writing, upon blanks to be furnished by said commissioner, every person having smallpox, cholera, yellow fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, mumps, pseudomembranous croup, scarlet fever, varioloid, typhoid fever, ophthalmia neonatorum, cerebrospinal meningitis epidemica, and poliomyelitis anterior acuta (infantile paralysis), and his or her place of dwelling and name, if known; such report to be made immediately after a positive diagnosis shall have been made.

BELOIT, WIS.

Board of Health—Organization, Powers, and Duties. (Ord. Feb. 16, 1914.)

SEC. 85. The board of health of the city of Beloit shall consist of the health committee of the common council, the mayor, and the health officer of said city. The mayor shall be the chairman of said board and shall preside over its meetings and the city clerk of said city shall be ex officio clerk of said board. Meetings of said board may be called at any time by its chairman, or, in the event of his absence or disability, by the health officer or the clerk of said board, by verbal notice to the members thereof, or by notice in writing served personally upon or left at the usual place of abode of said members. A majority of the members of said board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.